SITE DEVELOPMENT: GOVA REGION 3



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Why do project-ready sites matter?
Do we have enough project-ready sites?
How do we determine the best sites for investment?
Next steps

SITES AND BUILDINGS ARE MAJOR CONSIDERATIONS FOR BUSINESSES WHEN CHOOSING NEW LOCATIONS





What businesses look for in a location

Worldclass talent

A place brimming with highquality, hard-working workforce

Suitable sites & buildings

A place with locations that are (close to) ready for operations

Supportive business climate

A place that partners with business to drive growth

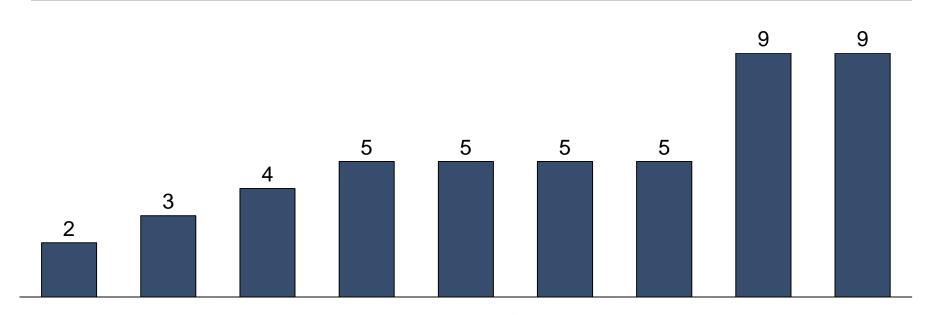
Attractive quality-of-life

A place that people want to call home

MAJOR PROSPECTS HAVE SHORT TIME LINES AND EXPECT TO START BUILDING IMMEDIATELY, REQUIRING UP-FRONT INVESTMENT

Timelines for project announcements

Initial contact to announcement, months



















South Carolina

Georgia

South Carolina South Carolina





THE LACK OF READY SITES IS ONE OF THE MOST COMMON REASONS VIRGINIA HAS LOST PROJECTS IN THE LAST 3 YEARS

- Over the last decade, Virginia has missed out on tens of thousands of jobs and billions of dollars in capital investment due to a lack of prepared sites
- The absence of developable sites and buildings led to elimination from consideration for at least <u>65</u> projects totaling nearly <u>19,000</u> forgone jobs and over <u>\$5B</u> in capital investment from FY17-FY19

THE VBRSP TIER SYSTEM WAS CREATED TO DETERMINE WHICH SITES ARE MORE PREPARED AND MORE COMPETITIVE

Raw land



Tier 3

Tier 4-5



Raw land identified for development and marketing to prospects



Tier 1-2

Site controlled for marketing and development



Zoned industrial/ commercial, due diligence completed

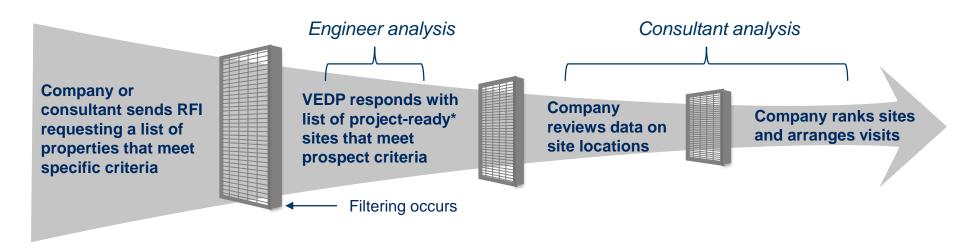


- "Project-ready"
- Infrastructure can be in place within 12-18 months

Chances of winning a project increase

WITHOUT PROJECT-READY SITES, GOVA REGION 3 CANNOT COMPETE FOR GREENFIELD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

ILLUSTRATIVE



Companies and consultants rely on VEDP to only provide a list competitive sites that meet their criteria. Without project-ready sites, GOVA 3 would be far less competitive for projects

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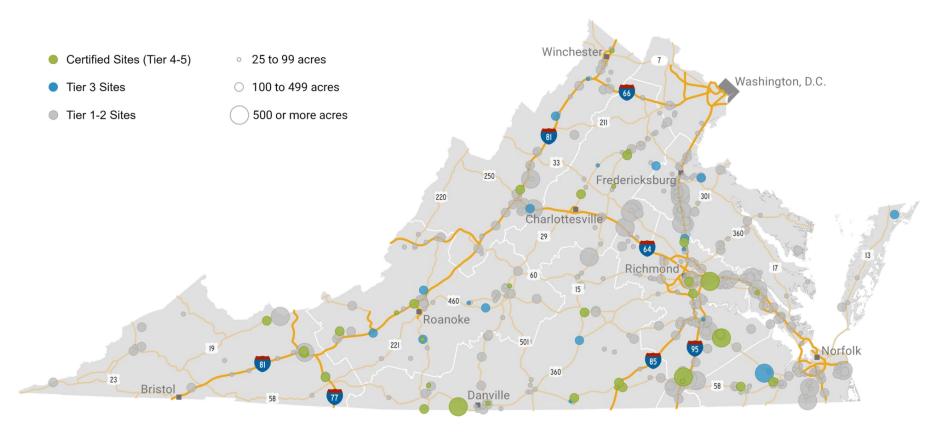
Why do project-ready sites matter?

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NEARLY 90% OF VIRGINIA'S SITES IN THIS STUDY WERE TIER 1 OR 2; ONLY 30 SITES WERE PROJECT-READY

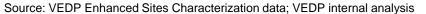


- 71% of sites included in the Characterization Initiative were privately owned
- In addition to the 30 sites in this study, four parcels (subsets of sites) were previously characterized as project-ready and two sub-25 acre sites were project-ready

THERE IS SIGNIFICANT REGIONAL VARIATION IN THE AVAILABILITY AND READINESS OF SITES

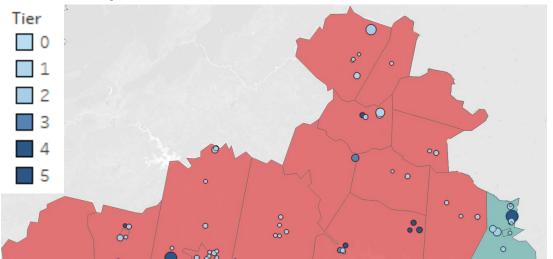
GO Virginia (#)	Tier 0-2	Tier 3	Tier 4-5	Total
Southwest Virginia (1)	19 (90%)	-	2¹ (10%)	21 (100%)
Roanoke/New River/ Lynchburg (2)	36 (80%)	5 (11%)	4 (9%)	45 (100%)
Southern Virginia (3)	41 ² (80%)	2 (4%)	8 ¹ (16%)	51 (100%)
Greater Richmond (4)	116 (91%)	3 (2%)	8 (6%)	127 (100%)
Hampton Roads (5)	67 (93%)	2 (3%)	3¹ (4%)	72 (100%)
Greater Fredericksburg (6)	61 (98%)	1 (2%)	-	62 (100%)
Northern Virginia (7)	7 (100%)	-	-	7 (100%)
Shenandoah Valley (8)	40 (89%)	3 (7%)	2 (4%)	45 (100%)
Greater Charlottesville (9)	31 (86%)	2 (6%)	3 ¹ (8%)	36 (100%)
Total	418 (90%)	18 (4%)	30 (6%)	466 (100%)

^{1.} Across VA, there were four previously-characterized project-ready parcels (i.e. smaller, distinct tracts of land within a broader site) that lie within a site that was not characterized as project-ready during the Enhanced Site Characterization Initiative. Also, there were two previously-characterized project-ready sites in Virginia Scan that were below the 25 acre threshold for the Initiative.



SOVA IS A LEADING REGION FOR SITE PREPAREDNESS IN VIRGINIA, **BUT POSSESSES LIMITED ABILITY TO BACKFILL**

GOVA 3, Emporia, & Greensville Sites¹



Tier Level	GOVA Region 3	Emporia & Greensville ²
Tier 4-5	8	2
Tier 3	2	0
Tier 2	36 ³	8
Tier 1	5	0
Total	51	10

¹ Counts are based on analysis of full sites or business parks

^{2.} Emporia and Greensville fall within GOVA Region 4 but are members of Virginia's Growth Alliance

³ Patrick County has an additional Tier 2 site that was added to the Initiative after the 466 sites were analyzed Source: Enhanced Site Characterization Initiative data, VEDP analysis

SITE DEVELOPMENT SHOULD SUPPORT YOUR STRATEGIC PLAN FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

A rough framework for determining if site development is right for your region



Develop a strategic plan for economic development

Your plan should include target sector and job growth goals



Determine if sites are integral to attracting companies in your target sectors

 GOVA 3's target sectors include advanced manufacturing: companies will be looking for projectready sites



Determine if you have enough project-ready sites to meet your goals

Are your sites ready for a company to start building their facility? (Many)



If not, make investments in site readiness

Evaluate the attractiveness of your investment options based on your goals

The goal of VEDP's Site Development Initiative is to collaborate with localities to make strategic investments in site development.

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VEDP EVALUATED SITES IN THE STUDY ALONG TWO DIMENSIONS TO DETERMINE TOP CANDIDATES FOR INVESTMENT

Site factors

Including but not limited to:

- Acreage
- Power
- Natural gas
- Water / sewer
- Topography



Location factors

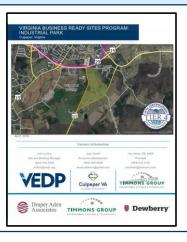
Including but not limited to:

- Talent availability
- Labor quality
- Labor cost
- Quality of life
- Taxes

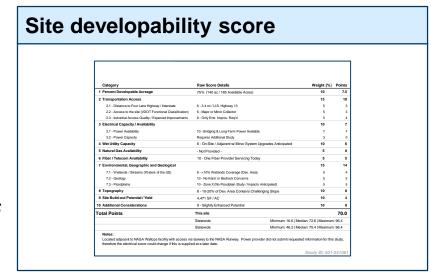


FINAL DELIVERABLES INCLUDE FOUR DISTINCT PIECES OF INFORMATION FOR EACH OF THE 466 SITES

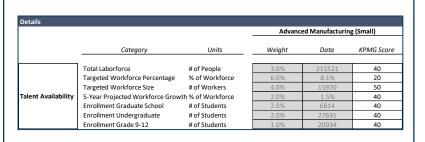
Individual site characterization reports







Location competitiveness data





Sector suitability

Property ID		
Site Name		
	Suitability score	Score (0-100)
Mega Projects	Not Considered	-
Super Projects	Not Considered	-
Advanced Manufacturing (Large)	Not Considered	-
Advanced Manufacturing (Small)	Highly Suitable	52
Light Manufacturing (Large)	Not Considered	-
Light Manufacturing (Small)	Suitable	55
Distribution, Logistics (Large)	Highly Suitable	65
Distribution, Logistics (Small)	Suitable	67

ENGINEERS GATHERED DATA AND PREPARED DETAILED REPORTS FOR ALL PREVIOUSLY UNCHARACTERIZED SITES

Each characterization report includes:

Report cover

Tier certification letter

Site summary

- Site background and history
- Wet utilities (water and sewer)
- Dry utilities (electricity, natural gas, and fiber)
- Transportation and access issues

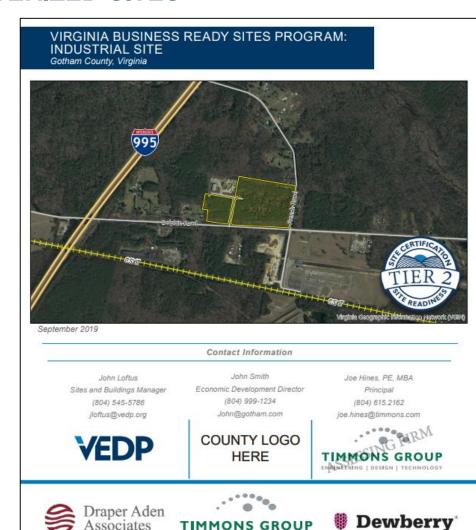
Site readiness roadmap

Steps to achieve up to Tier 3

Exhibits

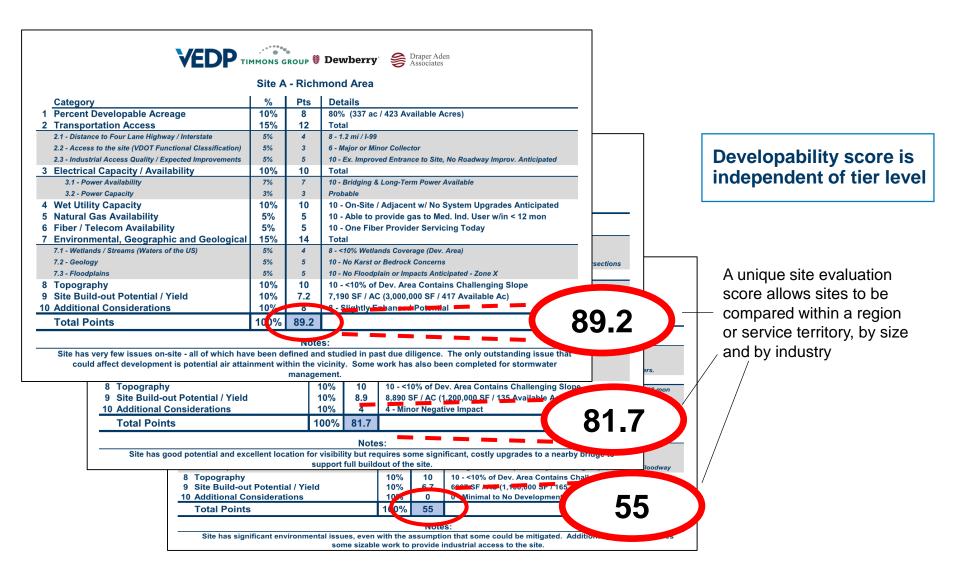
- Aerial and environmental
- Utilities
- All constraints mapping
- Site schematic build-out

Each report is a 'snapshot in time' based on readily available information, much like a financial statement or audit



ENGINEERING | DESIGN | TECHNOLOGY

THE SITE DEVELOPABILTY REPORT TURNS THE DATA FROM THE CHARACTERIZATION INTO A SCORE - ALL SITES RECEIVED A SCORE



THE DEVELOPABILITY SCORE WAS DEVELOPED WITH INPUT FROM THE SITES ADVISORY GROUP

Sites Advisory Group Participants

Jim Noel, VEDA Representative (Local)

Linda Green, VEDA Representative (Regional)

Faith McClintic, GO Virginia Region 8

Chris Lloyd, GO Virginia Foundation

Matt Weaver, Department of Housing and Community Development

Kent Hill, Dominion Energy

John Smolak, American Electric Power

David Hudgins, Old Dominion Electric Cooperative

George Faatz, Virginia Natural Gas

Todd House, Washington Gas

Gina Slaunwhite, Columbia Gas

Russ Held, Port of Virginia

Amanda Nesmith, Norfolk Southern

Scott Cox, CSX

Jeff Steers, Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

Ronique Day, Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment

Tim Pfohl, Tobacco Region Revitalization Commission

Ray Lamura, Virginia Cable Telecommunications Association

Tad Deriso, Mid-Atlantic Broadband Communities Corporation

Phil Abraham, Virginia Association for Commercial Real Estate

Jenny Carter, Virginia Community College System

Jeff Merriman, Verizon

Lang Williams, Colliers International (Hampton Roads)

John Lesinski, Colliers International (Winchester)

David Williams, Commonwealth Commercial (Greater Richmond)

Matt Anderson, Colliers International

THE SITE DEVELOPABILITY REPORT EVALUATES THE SITE ACROSS TEN FACTORS RELATED TO COST AND TIMELINE OF DEVELOPMENT

Higher scores reflect that the site is more attractive from a development perspective

Criteria	Weight
Percent Developable Acreage	10%
2. Transportation Access	15%
3. Electrical Capacity/Availability	10%
4. Wet (Water & Sewer) Utility Capacity	10%
5. Natural Gas Availability	5%
6. Fiber / Telecom Availability	5%
7. Environmental, Geographic & Geological Features	15%
8. Topography	10%
9. Site Build-out Potential / Yield	10%
10. Additional Considerations / Intangibles	10%
Total	100%

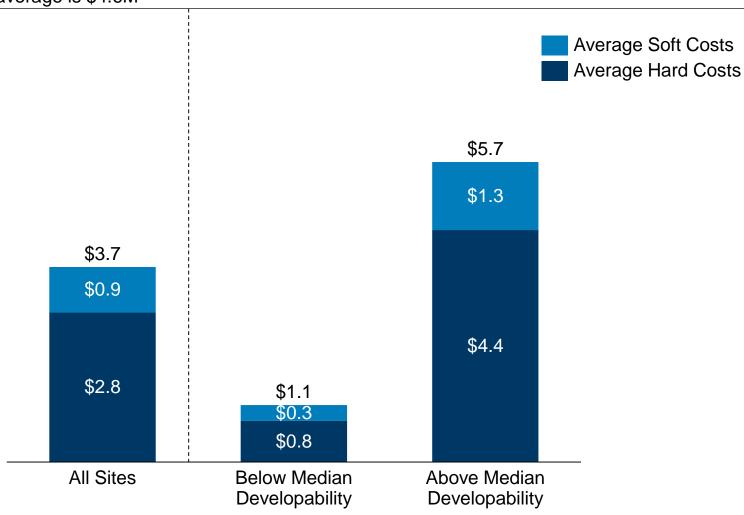




DEVELOPABILITY SCORES WILL ALLOW GOVA 3 TO IDENTIFY LESS COSTLY SITES, INCREASING POTENTIAL FOR RETURNS

Estimated average total development costs per site by developability score

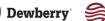
USD millions; State average is \$4.6M



ACCESS TO FIBER, WATER, SEWER AND ACCESS ROADS AIDS SITE **DEVELOPMENT IN GOVA REGION 3**

Strength	Details
Access Roads	87% of GOVA 3's access roads require no or minor improvements
	46% of GOVA 3's access roads require no improvements
Fiber/Broadband	98% of GOVA 3's sites could be serviced within 6 months
Wet Utilities	75% of GOVA 3's sites do not require major capacity upgrades or a main extension of greater than 2,500 feet
	54% of sites currently had sufficient wet utilities on site
Geology	No karst or bedrock concerns were identified on GOVA 3's sites







FLOODPLAINS, TOPOGRAPHY, LACK OF POWER AND NATURAL GAS **ARE OBSTACLES TO SITE DEVELOPMENT IN GOVA 3**

Challenge	Details
Floodplains	35% of GOVA 3's sites require a Floodplain study due to the presence of Zone A or AE.
Topography	27% of GOVA 3's sites have challenging slopes on more than a fifth of the site.
	13% of GOVA 3's sites have challenging slopes on more than a third of the site.
Power Availability and Capacity	27% of GOVA 3's sites require extensive study to provide sufficient power for a medium industrial user with 12-18 months.
Natural Gas	23% of GOVA 3's sites required more than 24 months to provide sufficient natural gas for a medium industrial user
	40% of GOVA 3's sites did not provide natural gas information or did not have a clear timeline for the provision of natural gas







KPMG'S SITE SELECTION TEAM EVALUATED EACH LOCATION IN THE STUDY FOR SUITABILITY ACROSS EIGHT DIFFERENT SECTORS

Criteria	Mega Project	Super Project	Advanced Manufacturing (Large Scale)	Advanced Manufacturing (Small Scale)	Light Manufacturing (Large Scale)	Light Manufacturing (Small Scale)	Distribution & Logistics (Large Scale)	Distribution & Logistics (Small Scale)
Example Industries	Automotive OEM	Automotive Parts Manufacturer, Aerospace & Defense	Advanced Materials, Aerospace & Defense	Advanced Materials, Aerospace & Defense	Food & Beverage Processing, Wood Products	Food & Beverage Processing, Wood Products	Logistics / Distribution, Online Retailer	Logistics / Distribution, Online Retailer
	Site Characteristics							
Contiguous Acreage	>=1,000	>=500	>=150	>0	>=150	>0	>=50	>0
Employment Characteristics								
Total Workforce Threshold	NA	>100,000	>40,000	>10,000	>40,000	>10,000	>100,000	>10,000
Drive Time Data Capture	60 Min	60 Min	45 Min	30 Min	45 Min	30 Min	45 Min	30 Min



THE LOCATION COMPETITIVENESS SCORES ARE CALCULATED BY SECTOR AND FORCE RANK SITES AGAINST EACH OTHER

Criteria	Weight
Talent availability	10-35%
Labor quality	5-20%
Labor cost	20-40%
Transportation	5-35%
Quality-of-life	5-20%
Industry compatibility	5-10%
Taxes	5%
Total	100%

KPMG's Scoring Methodology

Each criteria is force ranked on a 0-100 scale.

Criteria include:

- Talent availability
 - Total laborforce and projected laborforce growth
 - Targeted workforce size and percentage of total
 - Graduate, undergraduate, and high school enrollment
- Labor quality
 - Degree attainment
- Labor cost
- **Transportation**
 - Proximity to roadways, ports, and airports
- Quality-of-life
 - Median and discretionary income
 - Median home value
 - Average commute time
- Industrial compatibility
 - Attainment status
 - Natural disaster risk
- Taxes

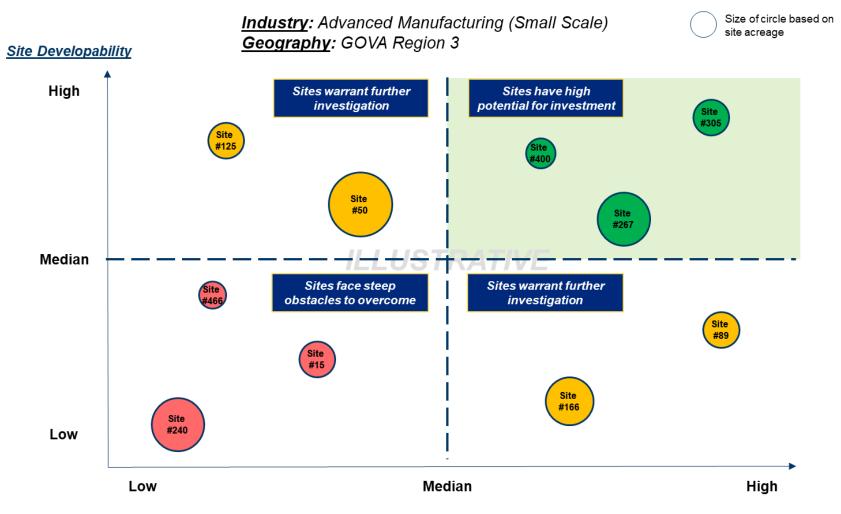
LOW COST OF LABOR, EXISTING MANUFACTURING CLUSTER DRIVE GOVA REGION 3'S VALUE PROPOSITION

Strength	Details
Labor Costs	Second-lowest manufacturing/distribution labor costs of Virginia's regions
Manufacturing Workforce	High share of workforce employed in manufacturing
	More associates degrees per capita than state average
Cost of Living	Housing affordability reduces upward pressure on wages

SMALL LABORFORCE, LACK OF TRANSPORTATION ACCESS ARE LOCATION CHALLENGES FOR GOVA REGION 3

Challenge	Details
Talent Availability	Small laborforce with limited projected growth/projected decline
	Small share of population with baccalaureate and graduate degrees
Transportation Access	Many sites lack access to interstates, a priority for many distribution/logistics projects and some manufacturers. GOVA Region 3's sites do have competitive access to four-lane highways.
	Distance from Port of Virginia and major commercial airports increases time and expense of moving products and personnel

USING THESE TWO DIMENSIONS, WE CAN DETERMINE THE TOP SITES FOR ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT



Location Competiveness

WITH THESE TWO DIMENSIONS, WE CAN HELP GOVA REGION 3 DETERMINE TOP SITES FOR ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT

Shift to live visualization

THESE TWO DIMENSIONS DO NOT TELL THE FULL STORY, OTHER ELEMENTS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED

Industry cluster concentration

 A strong presence of the target industry in the area will be a major attractor to companies, something that KPMG's analysis does not capture

Recent project wins in target industry

 Even if the industry is not highly concentrated in a location, recent project wins reflect an attractive value proposition and may serve to attract additional companies

Regional impact

- Localities / Regions are the best source of detailed information on the transformational potential of a site – they provide this information via their funding applications
- High impact projects may warrant above average development costs

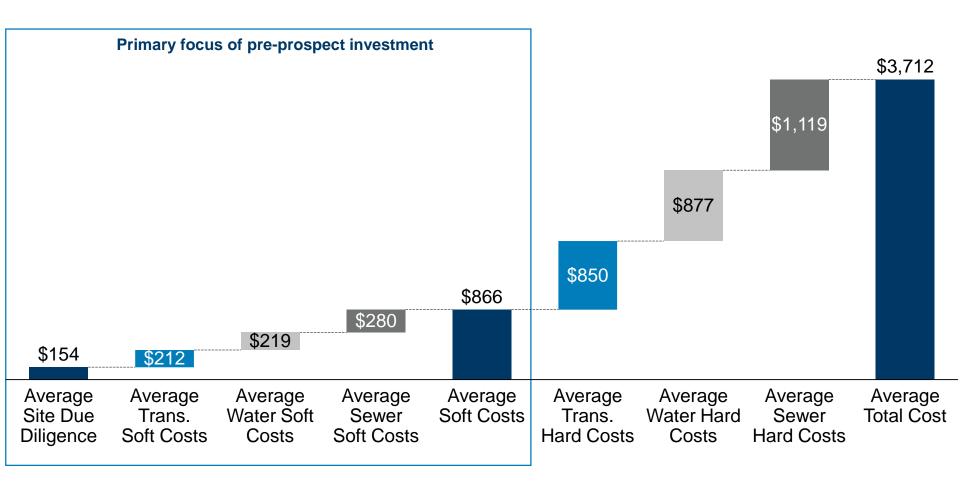
Community commitment

- The most important element of successful site development and project wins is local commitment
- Community commitment, often in the form of matching funding (dependent on community resources), should be strongly considered when evaluating investments

PRE-PROSPECT INVESTMENT SHOULD FOCUS ON SOFT COSTS, STARTING WITH DUE DILIGENCE (ACHIEVING TIER 3 STATUS)

Estimated average development costs per site by category

USD Thousands

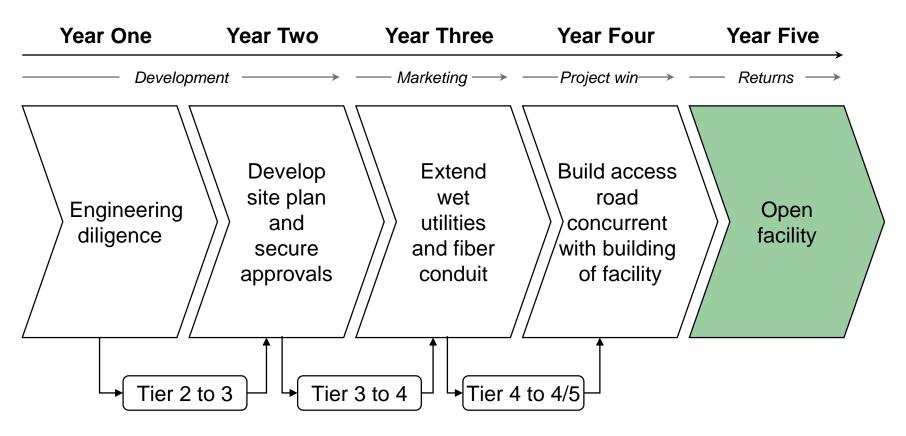


Does not include power, natural gas infrastructure, or land acquisition costs.
 Source: VEDP Enhanced Sites Characterization data: VEDP internal analysis

GIVEN THE TIMELINES ASSOCIATED WITH SITE DEVELOPMENT WE NEED TO INVEST NOW TO GENERATE FUTURE RETURNS

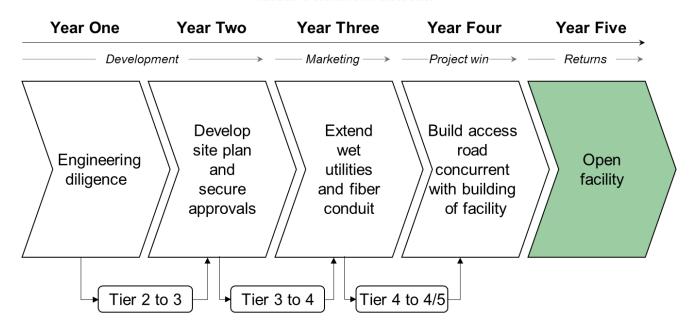
Sites can take 2-5 years to develop with larger sites requiring over 10 years

Illustrative scenario for discussion



ADDITIONAL SITE DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE CONSIDERATIONS

Illustrative scenario for discussion



- Sourcing matching funding can prolong the site development process
- Spending the money to complete due diligence (achieve tier 3) on multiple sites will facilitate making more informed investment decisions on the larger investments needed to achieve Tier 4
- Investments must be made to advance sites from lower tier-levels in order to maintain a pipeline of sites to backfill for project wins

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NEAR-TERM NEXT STEPS

Collaborate to review and share data	Site reports were sent to localities for review on 11/12/19						
	Most localities have provided feedback to VEDP VEDP is working with engineers to review and update reports						
							VEDP will update VirginiaScan following the audit period
	Now that localities have reviewed information, we encourage them to share with their REDO and GOVA support org						
Identify top sites for additional investment	Using aggregated data evaluate sites using two-dimensional approach						
	Integrate local / regional perspectives for further evaluation						
	Collaborate with VEDP when additional analysis is desired						
Develop plan of action	Identify sources of local funding						
	Coordinate with VEDP to identify state-level funding and prepare applications						

TO MAINTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY AND EMPOWER EACH LOCALITY TO DECIDE WITH WHOM TO SHARE DELIVERABLES, VEDP SHARED THE FINAL DELIVERABLES SOLELY WITH EACH LOCALITY'S CAO

Local "owner" of site deliverables

Local economic development lead

 Local economic developers, working with property owners and other stakeholders, compiled and shared information with VEDP



 VEDP, working with our site engineering partners and KPMG site selection consulting team, analyzed the data and developed set of final deliverables for each of the 466 sites in the study

Chief Administration Officer of the locality

 VEDP emailed the CAO of each of the 103 localities (including presidents of an EDA/IDA) directly and solely with the final deliverables, encouraging the CAO to share deliverables with ED lead(s)



Local economic development lead

 VEDP notified the local ED leads in our directory when the deliverables were sent to their CAOs and encouraged the ED leads to work with their CAO to access the information



Local site development stakeholders

 VEDP has encouraged local ED leads to share the deliverables with other ED stakeholders, including and especially private landowners when applicable

VEDP IS AVAILABLE TO ASSIST IN NAVIGATING FUNDING OPTIONS AND APPLYING FOR FUNDING

Owner	Program	Due diligence	Tier 4 soft costs	Tier 4 hard costs	Restrictions
VEDP	Virginia Business Ready Sites Program (VBRSP)	√	√	×	100 acre+ siteLocal match
G VIRGINIA	GO Virginia economic development grants (regional and competitive)	\checkmark	\checkmark	Limited	Regional collaborationLocal match
Utilities	Utility right-of-way acquisition program	×	\checkmark	×	■ Tier 3 and above
Public power companies	Power line extension pilot program	×	×	\checkmark	RIFAOpportunity zone3 sites per provider
Commonwealth Transportation Board	Economic Development Access Program	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	 Pre-prospect requires locality bond
Commonwealth Transportation Board	Rail Industrial Access Program	×	×	×	Rail onlyCommitted prospect
	Tobacco Commission economic development funds	\checkmark	√	√	■ Geographic

VBRSP AND GOVA SITE DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS ARE COMPLEMENTARY, AND BOTH NECESSARY TO DRIVE IMPACT

VEDP



Takeaways

 Funding that can be applied to singlelocality sites and can directly advance Commonwealth priorities Regional per capita funding pool as well as competitive pool can be used to develop regionally-significant sites prioritized by each region

Site development program

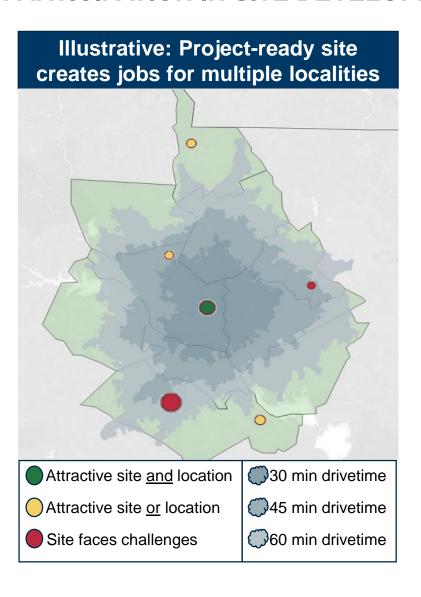
Virginia Business Ready Sites
 Program (VBRSP) matches local
 funds for site characterizations (up to
 \$5K per site) or site development (up
 to \$500K per site)

 Regions can apply regional per capita allocations (between \$1-4M, depending on population) to site characterizations or development and/or submit an application to win competitive funds to apply to site development

Distinctive features

- VBRSP is Virginia's only funding pool solely dedicated to site development
- VBRSP funds can be applied to "single locality" sites (i.e., does not require multi-locality collaboration)
- Incentivizes bringing more local dollars and revenue sharing to regional priority sites
- Minimum of two localities must participate, though there is flexibility in determining qualifying participation
- State Board determines investment priorities; regions prioritize projects submitted for possible funding which are aligned with their regional priorities

GOVA FUNDING: REGIONAL COLLABORATION CAN MAXIMIZE PARTICIPATION IN SITE DEVELOPMENT AND PROJECT WINS



Why Regional Collaboration?

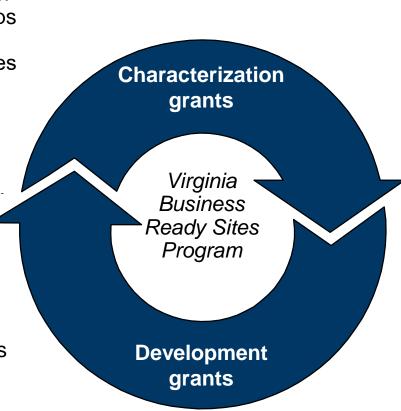
- Job creation crosses locality boundaries
 - Not every locality has or needs a competitive site
- Lowers costs of development
 - Focus on sites with fewest obstacles
 - Multiple localities provide matching funds
- Potentially shortens timeline to project-ready
 - Consolidates investments vs spreading out over multiple competing sites

VIRGINIA'S BUSINESS READY SITES PROGRAM (VBRSP) AWARDS TWO TYPES OF GRANTS

Purpose

 Assess existing levels of readiness and next steps for development for Virginia's 100+ acre sites

 Fund targeted development efforts to move identified sites to higher tiers of readiness



Process

Characterization grants
 of up to \$5K per site
 are awarded to sites
 selected from an
 applicant pool by a
 private-sector led
 working group

 Development grants of up to \$500K per site are awarded to sites selected from an applicant pool by a private sector-led working group

THE VIRGINIA BUSINESS READY SITES PROGRAM IS EXPECTED TO GROW

VBRSP may receive additional funding for FY20-22

- The governor's Biennium Budget includes \$5M in funding
- Potential for additional funding for current FY in the caboose budget

If VEDP receives additional funding it will have regional allocation and competitive components

- A large portion of funding will be allocated to each region
- Some funding will be reserved for sites with potential for state-level impact

VBRSP policy is being updated

- Specific policy language will depend on level of funding
- 100 acre size requirement is in Code and is expected to remain
- Possibility for localities to apply for grants on behalf of private sites

VEDP wants to collaborate to advance site development

How can VEDP help you achieve your goals?

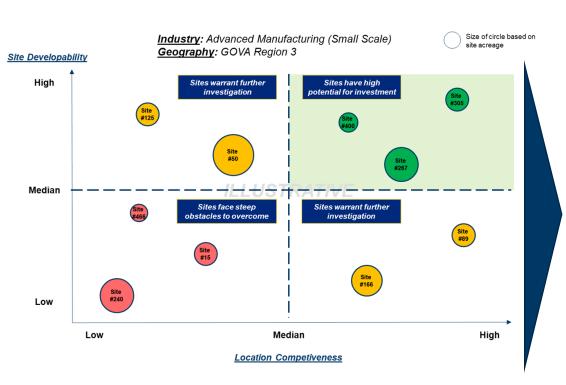


Questions?

APPENDIX



IDENTIFYING THE MOST PROMISING SITES REQUIRES CONSIDERATION OF MULTIPLE DIMENSIONS



Regional transformation considerations

Top right-hand quadrant (GREEN)

These sites are top candidates for additional investment

Top left-hand quadrant (YELLOW)

- Sites are attractive from a development perspective, but less so from location perspective
- If we were to develop these sites, Viginia's Talent Accelerator could be key to attracting companies

Bottom right-hand quadrant (YELLOW)

- Sites are attractive from location perspective, but less so from development perspective
- Sites in this quadrant should conduct additional due diligence to improve cost estimates and evaluate ROI

Bottom left-hand quadrant (RED)

Look for alternative investments. particularly collaborative investments within the GOVA region

LACK OF WET UTILITIES AND NATURAL GAS INFRASTRUCTURE ARE BARRIERS TO DEVELOPMENT ACROSS VA

Share of sites within a region facing significant physical obstacles to development ¹					
		More than 50% of sites face significant obstacles			
		Between 25-50% of sites face significant obstacles			

GOVA region	Transport- ation	Electrical	Wet Utility	Natural Gas	Fiber
Southwest	10%	48%	19%	33%	67%
Roanoke/New River/ Lynchburg	11%	13%	27%	62%	11%
Southside	10%	27%	24%	63%	2%
Greater Richmond	13%	11%	46%	71%	20%
Hampton Roads	4%	13%	32%	58%	0%
Greater Fredericksburg	8%	14%	44%	81%	44%
Northern Virginia	33%	0%	17%	50%	83%
Shenandoah Valley	9%	18%	22%	49%	22%
Greater Charlottesville	16%	5%	49%	86%	65%

Infrastructure

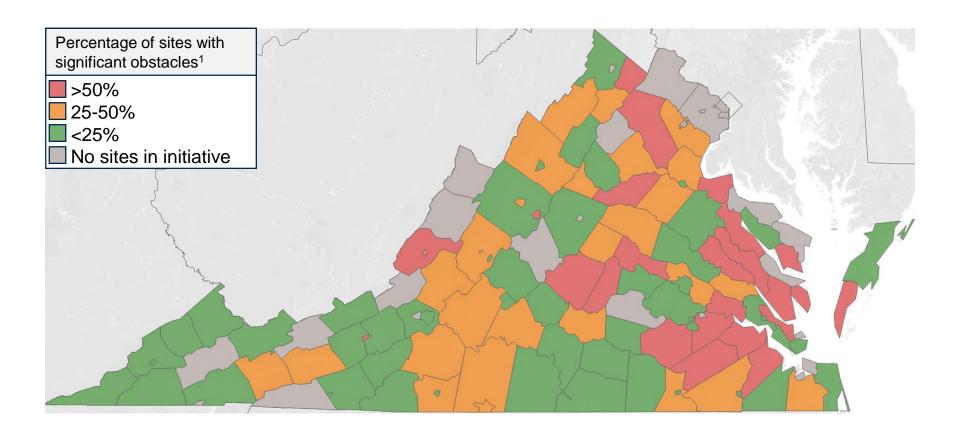
Percent					
Develop- able	Wetlands	Geology	Flood- plains	Topo- graphy	Site Yield
52%	0%	48%	10%	24%	43%
27%	0%	11%	2%	29%	36%
14%	12%	0%	35%	29%	41%
20%	6%	0%	13%	13%	29%
14%	11%	0%	10%	3%	25%
34%	12%	0%	10%	22%	41%
50%	33%	0%	17%	0%	50%
13%	0%	16%	0%	4%	18%
0%	0%	0%	5%	3%	16%

Natural features

¹ Based on the number of sites receiving less than half of the potential points in a category

¹ Sites receiving less than half of possible points in each category Source: VEDP Enhanced Sites Characterization data, VEDP internal analysis

WET UTILITY CONNECTIVITY POSES CHALLENGES TO SITE DEVELOPMENT IN MANY REGIONS



LACK OF NATURAL GAS IS A CONSTRAINT ON SITE DEVELOPMENT THROUGHOUT THE COMMONWEALTH

